The purchase and sale of BEL20 shares by individual investors during the coronavirus crisis



FINANCIAL SERVICES AND MARKETS AUTHORITY

Quantitative study based on the MiFIR transaction reports

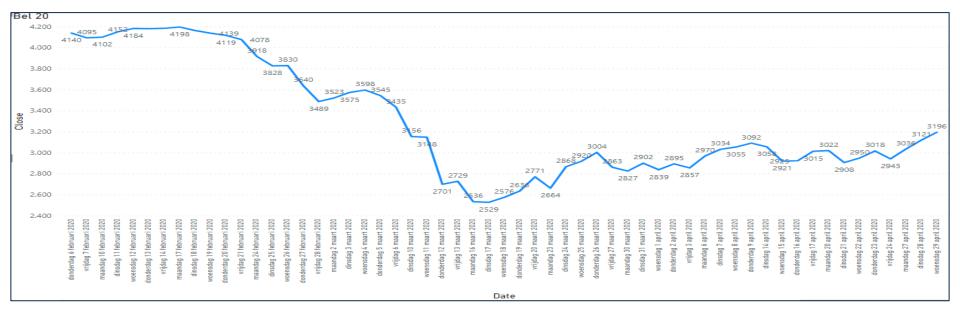
Table of contents

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Research questions
- 3. Sample
- 4. Number of transactions
- 5. Breakdown by age group
- 6. Breakdown by investment frequency
- 7. Conclusion

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1. Introduction



Source: Thomson Reuters Eikon

- The COVID-19 pandemic has had, since 24 February 2020, a negative impact on the BEL20. On 12 March, the index saw the sharpest fall in its thirty-year existence (-14.21%).
- Since 17 March 2020, the BEL20 has been climbing again, but the benchmark has not yet achieved the pre-coronavirus level.



2. Research questions

- Can we demonstrate quantitatively, on the basis of the MiFIR transaction reports, that individual investors (natural persons) purchased more shares during the crisis period (24/02/20 to 30/04/20)?
- Do we see **differences among age groups** (e.g. are younger individuals buying more than older people during the crisis)?
- Do we see occasional investors buying more shares during the COVID-19 period in comparison to frequent investors?
- => The answer to these three research questions is positive.



3. Sample (1)

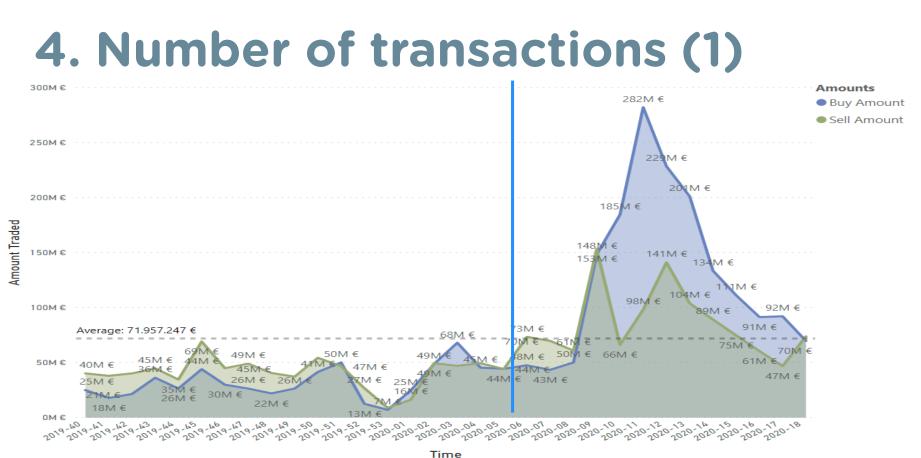
- Use of the transaction reports that the FSMA receives pursuant to Article 26 of Regulation No 600/2014.
- The following transactions were included:
 - Transactions by natural persons; no (financial) legal persons.
 - Transactions in shares that are part of the BEL20.
 - Transactions carried out during office hours (i.e. not on the weekend, on holidays or other days when Euronext Brussels is closed).



3. Sample (2)

- Total number of transactions in the sample (since January 2018): **3,158,099**
- Total number of individual natural persons in the sample (since January 2018): 322,835
- Total number of individual natural persons during in the crisis period: **138,746**
- Total amount traded from 2 January 2018 to 30 April 2020 (the entire research period): EUR 10,810,856,318
- Total amount traded from 24 February 2020 to 30 April 2020 (i.e. the crisis period): EUR 2,628,062,506 (i.e. 24.31%)





- Natural persons traded (i.e. bought and sold) more during the coronavirus crisis in comparison with previously (> 72 million euros).
- During the coronavirus crisis, they bought more than they sold.



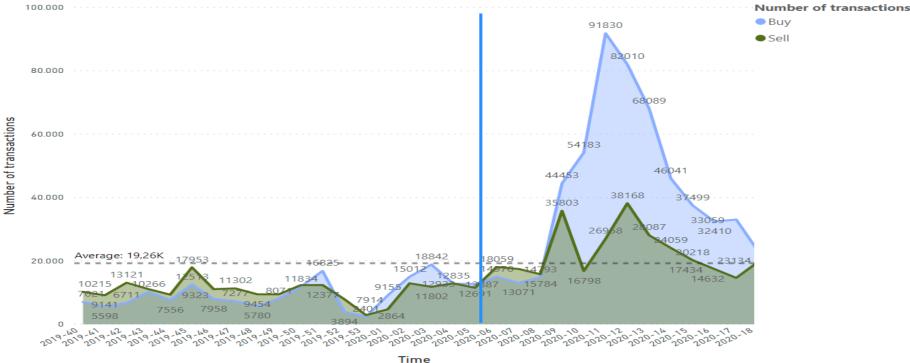
4. Number of transactions (2)

Period		Buy Amount (€)	Sell Amount (€)	Buy-Sell Amount Spread (€)	Evolution BEL 20
2019 (daily average)		31,377,105	46,921,881	-15.544.776	22.73%
2020 Week 9	24/02 till 28/02	148.451.517	153.439.027	-4,987,510	-11%
2020 Week 10	02/03 till 06/03	184,511,245	66,293,127	118,218,118	-2.50%
2020 Week 11	09/03 till 13/03	282,190,869	98,175,246	184,015,623	-13.92%
2020 Week 12	16/03 till 20/03	228,520,968	141,176,232	87,344,736	9.30%
2020 Week 13	23/03 till 27/03	201,134,768	103,985,311	97,149,458	7.46%
2020 Week 14	30/03 till 03/04	133,637,411	89,218,186	44,419,226	1.65%
2020 Week 15	06/04 till 09/04	111,224,255	74,742,446	36,481,809	4.13%
2020 Week 16	14/04 till 17/04	91,467,905	60,500,551	30,967,354	-1.38%
2020 Week 17	20/04 till 24/04	92,137,286	46,915,807	45,221,479	-2.60%
2020 Week 18	27/04 till 30/04	69,758,640	73,822,153	4,003,513	2.06%
Total				634,766,780	
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- In certain weeks during the coronavirus crisis, private individuals bought nearly three times as much as they sold.
- During the entire crisis period, cumulative purchases by private individuals exceeded sales by more than 634 million euros.



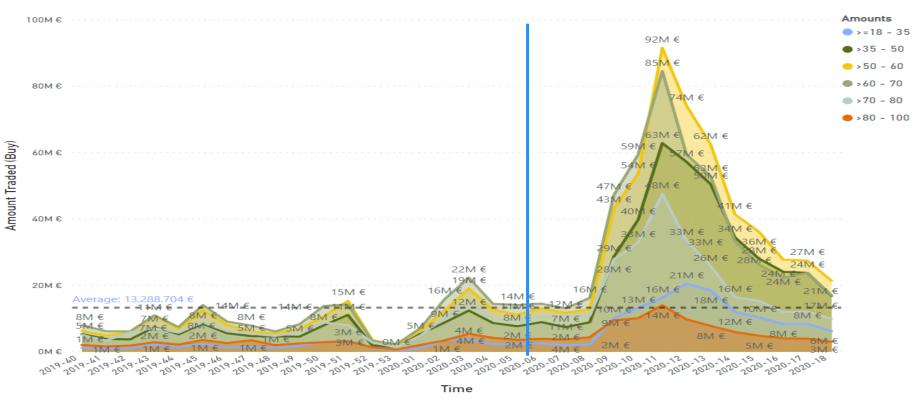
4. Number of transactions (3)



- Individual investors carried out more purchase transactions (total of 555,542) than sale transactions (total of 293,094).
- There were two sales peaks: namely in the 9th week of 2020 (24/02 to 28/02) and in the 12th week (16/03 to 20/03).



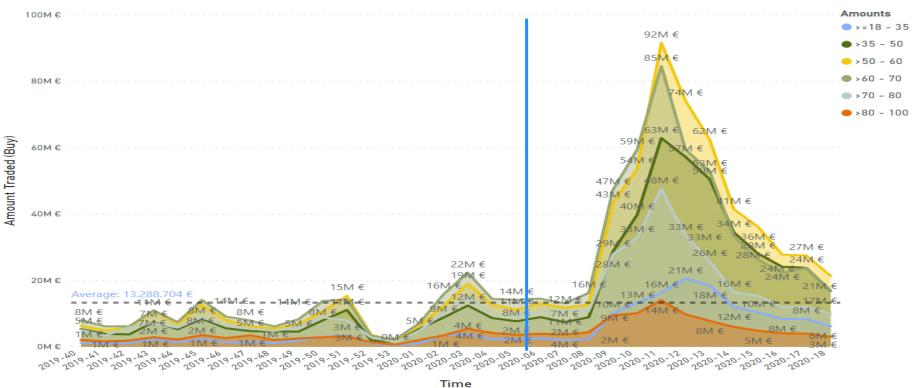
5. Breakdown by age group (1)



- Each age group purchased more shares during the crisis period.
- Young investors (18 to 35 years of age) bought only 2 million euros' worth in the week before the crisis. This amount rose to 21 million euros in the 13th week of 2020 (23/03 to 27/03).



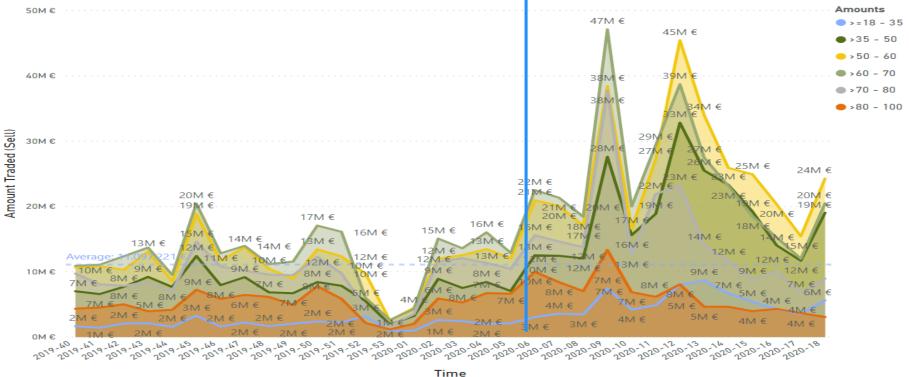
5. Breakdown by age group (2)



- The most active age groups are (in decreasing order):
 - >50 60 years
 - >60 70 years
 - > 35 50 years
- The crisis has not changed this order.



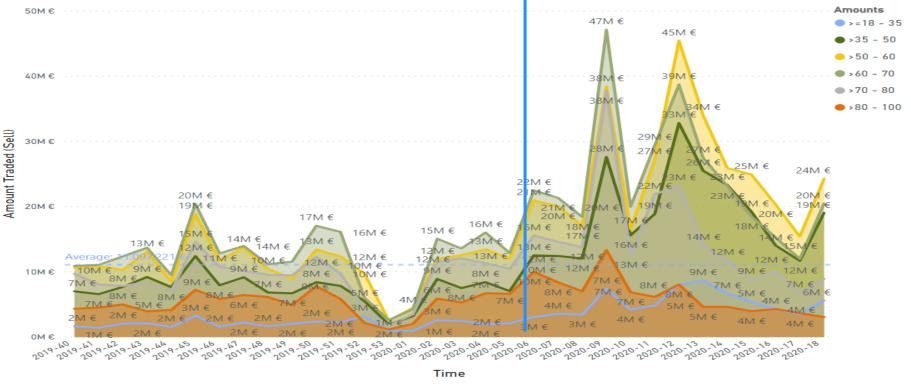
5. Breakdown by age group (3)



- Sales activity rose only slightly in the 18-35 age group and even fell in the > 80 age group.
- In the 9th week of 2020 (24/02 to 28/02), it was mainly those > 60 who sold shares (for 47 million euros), followed by those > 50 and those over 70 (both for 38 million euros).



5. Breakdown by age group (4)



- In the 12th week of 2020 (16/03 to 20/03) it was mostly the >50 age group that sold shares (for 45 million euros), followed by those >60 and people in the 35-50 age group.
- The order of the age groups thus differs between the two sales peaks.



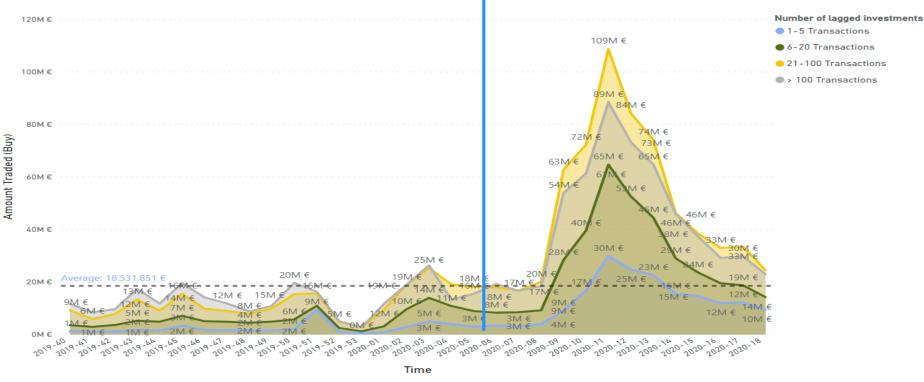
5. Breakdown by age group (5)

Age category	Average buy-sell amount spread in 2019 (weekly basis, in €)		Average buy-sell amount during the COVID-19 (weekly basis, in €)	spread crisis
>=18 - 35		-73,273.54	4,755,521.21	
> 35 - 50		-1,173,333.09	11,279,641.08	
>50 - 60		-2,261,321.45	14,313,294.69	
>60 - 70		-1,364,453.04	11,958,020.77	
>70 - 80		-1,136,929.47	5,013,260.30	
>80 - 100	-1,579,108.06		54,086.00	

- The buy-sell amount spread during the crisis period was:
 - For the 18–35 age group, **up to nearly 65 times** higher in absolute figures.
 - For the 35–50 age group up to 9 times higher.
 - For those > 50 up to 6 times higher.
 - For those > 60 up to 6 times higher.
 - For those > 70 up to 4 times higher.
 - For the > 80 age group, almost 30 times smaller in comparison with 2019.

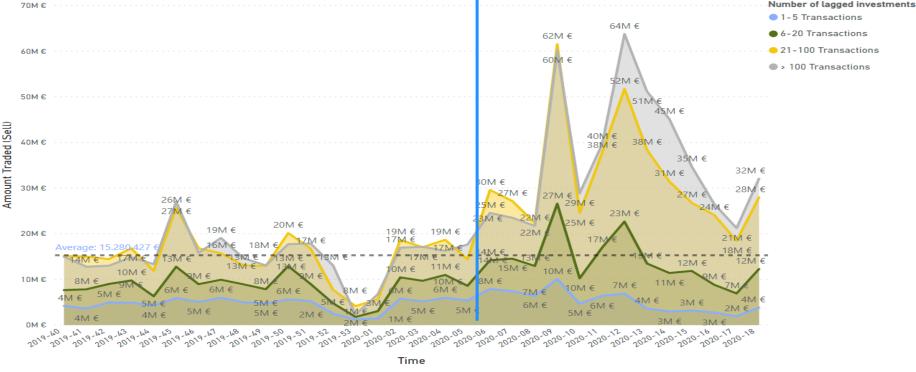


6. Breakdown by investment frequency (1)



- Each category, based on the number of transactions carried out in the previous period, bought more shares during the COVID-19 period.
- Infrequent investors (1-5 transactions) bought only 3 million euros' worth in the week before the coronavirus crisis. This amount rose to 30 million euros' worth in week 11 (09/03 – 13/03).
- During the crisis, it is mainly the 'medium-sized category' that saw more activity, rather than the category with the most frequent investors.

6. Breakdown by investment frequency (2)



- Infrequent investors (1-5 transactions) seem to have sold little more during the COVID-10 period.
- It was mainly the frequent investors (>= 21 transactions) who seemed to sell more. Their sales doubled (from +/- 18 million euros in the week before the crisis to +/- 60 million euros).



6. Breakdown per investment frequency (3)

Frequency category	Average buy-sell amount spread in 2019 (weekly basis, in €)	Average buy-sell amount spread during the COVID-19 crisis (weekly basis, in €)
1-5 transactions	-1,774,107.45	8,442,904.39
6-20 transactions	-1,561,035.08	13,717,989.62
21-100 transactions	-1,779,050.11	16,235,991.08
> 100 transactions	-1,707,366.36	6,785,899.00

- The buy-sell amount spread during the COVID-19 period is:
 - For infrequent investors (1 to 5 transactions), nearly 5 times higher in absolute figures.
 - For the category with 6 to 20 transactions, nearly **9** times higher.
 - For the category with 21 to 100 transactions, more than **9** times higher.
 - For the frequent investors (> 100 transactions), nearly 4 times higher.



7. Conclusion

- The purchase and sale of shares by individual investors increased during the period of the coronavirus crisis.
- Individual investors bought (cumulatively) 634 million euros' worth of shares more than they sold during the crisis period.
- Young investors bought relatively more shares in comparison to other age groups, but the most active investor group remained investors over 35 but under 80 years of age..
- Infrequent investors bought more shares, but the most active investors (>=21 transactions) continued to buy and sell the most shares.

